



## ***ORTA DOĞU VE TÜRKİYE PANELİ***

### ***ABD'nin Orta Doğu Politikası***

**Prof. Dr. MUSTAFA KİBAROĞLU**

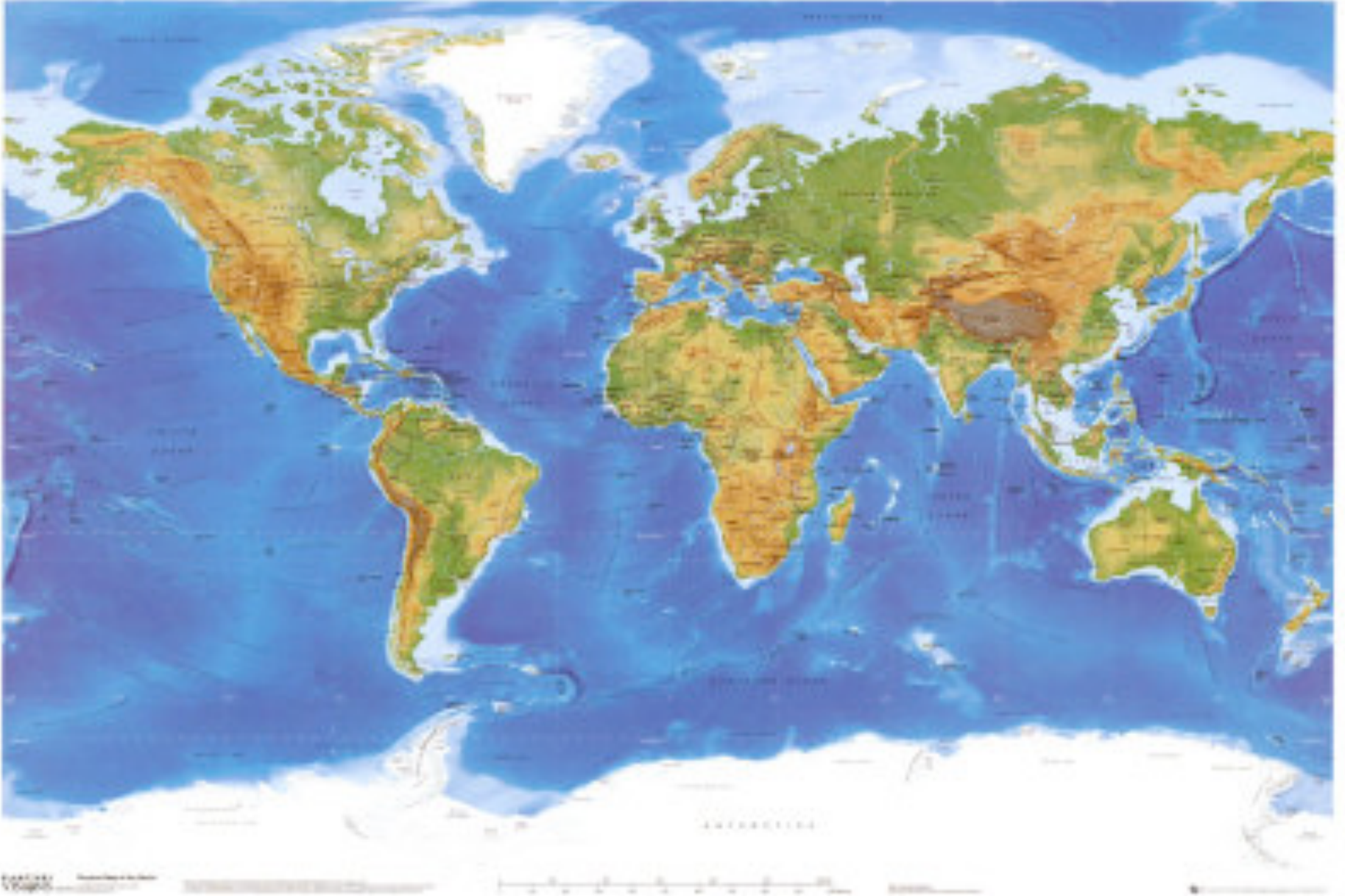
**MEF Üniversitesi**

**Siyaset Bilimi ve Uluslararası İlişkiler Bölümü**

**BİLGESAM & HALIÇ ÜNİVERSİTESİ**

**İSTANBUL**

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## NATO MEMBER AND PARTNER COUNTRIES

### NATO member countries

Twenty-eight member states are committed to providing security and stability through diplomatic, political and military means. They are committed to the principle of collective defence, which means that an attack against one member is considered an attack against all. NATO also develops partnerships with non-NATO states and international organisations to enhance regional security and stability.



### Euro-Atlantic Partners

Partnership with non-NATO countries started as early as 1988 to help them develop their national security and defence policies, maintain political stability and economic growth. Dialogue on security issues of common interest takes place within a multilateral forum called the Euro-Atlantic Partnership Council and political cooperation is supported with individual partner countries through NATO Partnership for Peace programmes. NATO also maintains special relationships with Armenia, Ukraine and Georgia.



### Mediterranean Dialogue countries

These countries participate in security dialogue with NATO to improve mutual understanding and to contribute towards regional security through strategic political cooperation. In peacetime, these countries participate in exercises, which can occur on a bilateral or multilateral basis with NATO.



### Istanbul Cooperation Initiative countries

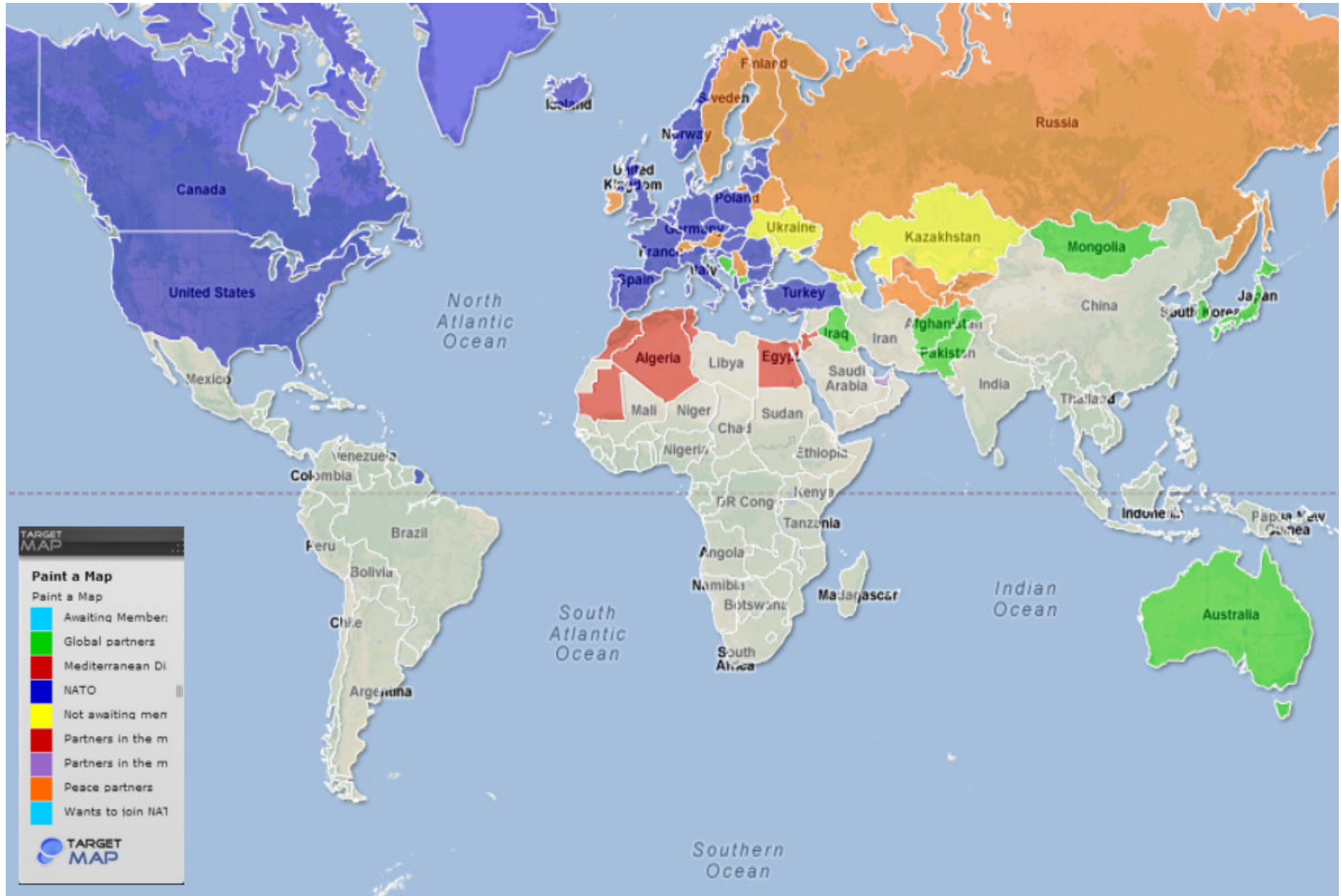
These countries offer assistance to the Istanbul Initiative for regional security and stability. NATO works to enhance mutual understanding and regional security through bilateral and multilateral cooperation.

### Partners across the globe

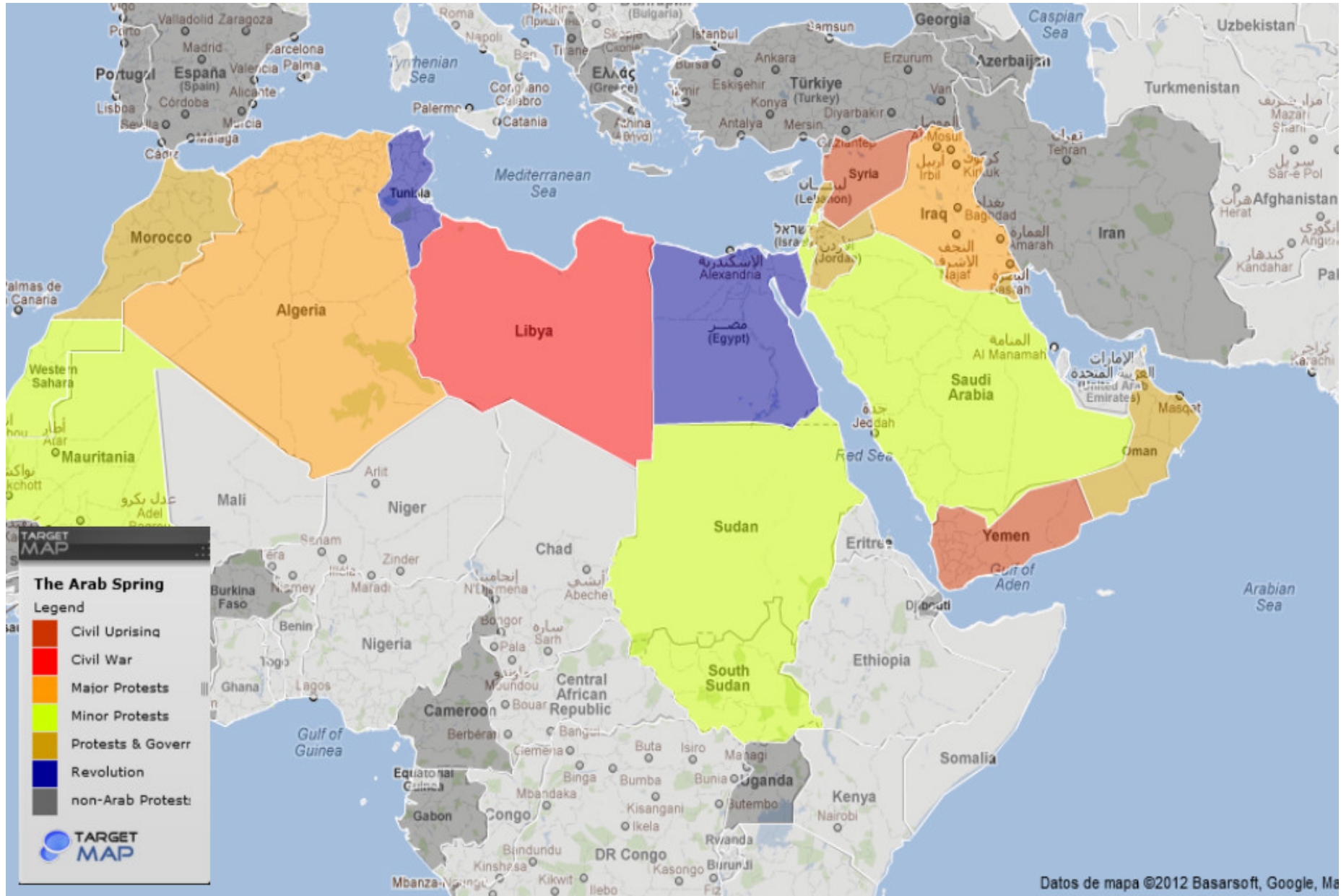
NATO has developed bilateral relations with a number of countries which are not part of NATO's collective defence treaty. They include countries such as Australia, Japan, the Republic of Korea, New Zealand, Pakistan, Singapore and Thailand. These countries cooperate with NATO in areas of mutual interest and are a valuable source of NATO operational intelligence and security.

\*Turkey is not included in the list of NATO members with its constitutional name.  
 \*\*The status of land has not been determined in the 1978. The position of the United Nations on the question of Jerusalem is subject to the final resolution of the UN and the final position of the Security Council concerning the question.

The borders are shown in their approximate form and do not necessarily reflect the current or accepted borders of NATO.



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Mustafa Kibaroglu  
and Aysegul Kibaroglu

# GLOBAL SECURITY WATCH

*A Reference Handbook*



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